Appendix C Estimated Marine Mammal and Sea Turtle Impacts from Exposure to Acoustic and Explosive Stressors Under Navy Training Activities

Gulf of Alaska Navy Training Activities Draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement/ Overseas Environmental Impact Statement TABLE OF CONTENTS

APPE	NDIA C	ESTIMATED IMAKINE MAMINIAL AND SEA TORTLE IMPACTS PROME EXPOSORE TO	
ΑΟΟι	JSTIC AN	ID EXPLOSIVE STRESSORS UNDER NAVY TRAINING ACTIVITIES	. C-1
	C.1	Estimated Marine Mammal Impacts from Sonar and Other Transducers Under Navy	
		Training Activities	.C-1
	C.2	Estimated Marine Mammal Impacts from Explosives Under Navy Training Activities	.C-5
	C.3	Estimated Sea Turtle Impacts from Sonar and Other Transducers Under Navy Training	
		Activities	.C-9
	C.4	Estimated Sea Turtle Impacts from Explosives Under Navy Training Activities	.C-9

List of Figures

There are no figures in this appendix.

List of Tables

Table C-1: Estimated Marine Mammais Impacts from Sonar Training Activities	C-2
Table C-2: Estimated Marine Mammals Impacts from Explosive Training Activities	C-6

This page intentionally left blank.

Appendix C Estimated Marine Mammal and Sea Turtle Impacts from Exposure to Acoustic and Explosive Stressors Under Navy Training Activities

Navy training activities would result in the incidental takes of marine mammals and sea turtles within the Study Area. The following appendix provides the estimated number of marine mammal and sea turtle impacts. Specifically, estimated impacts are derived from the quantitative analysis for activities under Alternative 1 that involve the use of acoustic or explosive stressors. The quantitative analysis takes into account Navy activities, marine species density layers, acoustic modeling, and other environmental parameters. A detailed explanation of the quantitative analysis is provided in the technical report *Quantifying Acoustic Impacts on Marine Mammals and Sea Turtles: Methods and Analytical Approach for Phase III Training and Testing* (U.S. Department of the Navy, 2018). It is important to note that *impacts*, as discussed in this appendix, represent the estimated instances of take of marine mammals or sea turtles, not necessarily the number of individuals impacted (i.e., some marine mammals or sea turtles could be impacted several times, while others would not experience any impact).

The tables below represent the maximum estimated impacts under Alternative 1 for any given year. In addition, estimated impacts are provided over the duration of the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) Regulations and Letters of Authorization, which would be valid for a seven-year period. The No Action Alternative would not result in any impacts because the Proposed Action would not occur.

C.1 Estimated Marine Mammal Impacts from Sonar and Other Transducers Under Navy Training Activities

Table C-1 provides a summary of the estimated number of marine mammal impacts by species stock from exposure to sonar and other transducers used during Navy training activities under Alternative 1 over the course of a year (annual maximum usage) and seven years.

Table C-1: Estimated Marine Mammals Impacts from Sonar Training Activities

		Alt	ernative 1 – Annu	ıal	Alternative 1 – 7 Year						
Species	Stock	Behavioral Response	TTS	PTS	Behavioral Response	ттѕ	PTS				
Order Cetacea	Order Cetacea										
Suborder Mysticeti (b	aleen whales)										
Family Balaenopterid	ae (rorquals)										
Blue whale*	Central North Pacific	0	3	0	0	21	0				
	Eastern North Pacific	3	32	0	21	224	0				
Fin whale*	Northeast Pacific	104	1,125	0	728	7,875	0				
	California, Oregon, & Washington	1	8	0	7	56	0				
Humpback whale	Central North Pacific	4	66	0	28	462	0				
	Western North Pacific [†]	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Minke whale	Alaska	4	44	0	28	308	0				
North Pacific right whale*	Eastern North Pacific	0	2	0	0	14	0				
Sei whale*	Eastern North Pacific	2	34	0	14	238	0				
Family Eschrichtiidae	(gray whale)										
	Eastern North Pacific	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Gray whale	Western North Pacific [†]	0	0	0	0	0	0				

Table C-1: Estimated Marine Mammals Impacts from Sonar Training Activities (continued)

		Alt	ernative 1 – Annı	ıal	Alternative 1 – 7 Year			
Species	Stock	Behavioral Response	TTS	PTS	Behavioral Response	TTS	PTS	
Suborder Odontoceti (toothed whales)							
Family Delphinidae (d	olphins)							
<u> </u>	Alaska Resident	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	AT1 Transient	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Killer whale	Eastern Pacific, Offshore	64	17	0	448	119	0	
	Gulf of Alaska, Aleutian Island, & Bering Sea Transient	119	24	0	833	168	0	
Pacific white-sided dolphin	North Pacific	1,102	472	0	7,714	3,304	0	
Family Phocoenidae (p	oorpoises)							
Dall's porpoise	Alaska	310	8,710	19	2,170	60,970	133	
11- al a	Gulf of Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Harbor porpoise	Southeast Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Family Physeteridae (s	sperm whale)							
Sperm whale*	North Pacific	107	5	0	749	35	0	
Family Ziphiidae (beal	ked whales)							
Baird's beaked whale	Alaska	106	0	0	742	0	0	
Cuvier's beaked whale	Alaska	429	3	0	3,003	21	0	
Stejneger's beaked whale	Alaska	467	15	0	3,269	105	0	

Table C-1: Estimated Marine Mammals Impacts from Sonar Training Activities (continued)

		Alte	ernative 1 – Annu	ıal	Alternative 1 – 7 Year					
Species	Stock	Behavioral Response	TTS	PTS	Behavioral Response	TTS	PTS			
Suborder Pinnipedia										
Family Otariidae (sea	lions and fur seals)									
California sea lion	U.S. Stock	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Challanasalian	Eastern U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Steller sea lion	Western U.S. [†]	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Nowth over five soul	Eastern Pacific	2,836	25	0	19,854	181	0			
Northern fur seal	California	58	1	0	405	4	0			
Family Phocidae (true	e seals)									
	Cook Inlet / Shelikof Strait	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Harbor seal	North Kodiak	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Prince William Sound	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	South Kodiak	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Northern elephant seal	California	898	1,634	0	6,286	11,438	0			
Ribbon seal	Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0			

^{*}ESA-listed species (all stocks) within the TMAA. [†]Only designated stocks are ESA-listed.

Notes: PTS = permanent threshold shift, TTS = temporary threshold shift

C.2 Estimated Marine Mammal Impacts from Explosives Under Navy Training Activities

Table C-2 provides a summary of the estimated number of marine mammal impacts from exposure to explosives used during Navy training activities under Alternative 1 over the course of a year (annual maximum usage) and seven years.

Table C-2: Estimated Marine Mammals Impacts from Explosive Training Activities

		Alternative 1 – Annual				Alternative 1 – 7 Year			
Species	Stock	Behavioral Response	TTS	PTS	Injury	Behavioral Response	TTS	PTS	Injury
Order Cetacea									
Suborder Mysticeti (I	baleen whales)								
Family Balaenopterio	dae (rorquals)								
Blue whale*	Central North Pacific	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.46	Eastern North Pacific	1	0	0	0	7	0	0	0
Fin whale*	Northeast Pacific	11	2	2	0	77	14	14	0
	California, Oregon, & Washington T	1	0	0	0	7	0	0	0
Humpback whale	Central North Pacific	7	2	0	0	49	14	0	0
	Western North Pacific T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Minke whale	Alaska	2	0	0	0	14	0	0	0
North Pacific right whale*	Eastern North Pacific	1	0	0	0	7	0	0	0
Sei whale*	Eastern North Pacific	1	0	0	0	7	0	0	0
Family Eschrichtiidae	(gray whale)								
	Eastern North Pacific	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray whale	Western North Pacific T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table C-2: Estimated Marine Mammals Impacts from Explosive Training Activities (continued)

	Stock	Alternative 1 – Annual				Alternative 1 – 7 Year			
Species		Behavioral Response	TTS	PTS	Injury	Behavioral Response	TTS	PTS	Injury
Suborder Odontoceti (toothed whales)								
Family Delphinidae (d	olphins)								
	Alaska Resident	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AT1 Transient	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Killer whale	Eastern Pacific, Offshore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Gulf of Alaska, Aleutian Island, & Bering Sea Transient	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pacific white-sided dolphin	North Pacific	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family Phocoenidae (orpoises)								
Dall's porpoise	Alaska	38	229	45	0	266	1,603	315	0
Hade an accusate a	Gulf of Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Harbor porpoise	Southeast Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family Physeteridae (s	perm whale)								
Sperm whale*	North Pacific	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family Ziphiidae (beak	ked whales)								
Baird's beaked whale	Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cuvier's beaked whale	Alaska	1	0	0	0	7	0	0	0
Stejneger's beaked whale	Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table C-2: Estimated Marine Mammals Impacts from Explosive Training Activities (continued)

Species		Alternative 1 – Annual				Alternative 1 – 7 Year				
	Stock	Behavioral Response	TTS	PTS	Injury	Behavioral Response	TTS	PTS	Injury	
Suborder Pinnipedia	·									
Family Otariidae (sed	lions and fur seals)									
California sea lion	U.S. Stock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
C. II. II	Eastern U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Steller sea lion	Western U.S. [†]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Eastern Pacific	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Northern fur seal	California	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Family Phocidae (true	e seals)									
	Cook Inlet / Shelikof Strait	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Harbor seal	North Kodiak	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Prince William Sound	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	South Kodiak	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Northern elephant seal	California	6	9	8	0	42	63	56	0	
Ribbon seal	Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

^{*}ESA-listed species (all stocks) within the TMAA. [†]Only designated stocks are ESA-listed.

Notes: PTS = permanent threshold shift, TTS = temporary threshold shift

C.3 Estimated Sea Turtle Impacts from Sonar and Other Transducers Under Navy Training Activities

Based on the quantitative analysis, no sea turtle impacts are anticipated from exposure to sonar and other transducers used during Navy training activities under Alternative 1 over the course of a year (annual maximum usage) or seven years.

C.4 Estimated Sea Turtle Impacts from Explosives Under Navy Training Activities

Based on the quantitative analysis, no sea turtle impacts are anticipated from exposure to explosives used during Navy training activities under Alternative 1 over the course of a year (annual maximum usage) or seven years.

REFERENCES

U.S. Department of the Navy. (2018). *Quantifying Acoustic Impacts on Marine Mammals and Sea Turtles:*Methods and Analytical Approach for Phase III Training and Testing (Technical Report prepared by NUWC Division Newport, Space and Naval Warfare Systems Center Pacific, G2 Software Systems, and the National Marine Mammal Foundation). Newport, RI: Naval Undersea Warfare Center.